

Activity Guide

COMPARISON TIMELINES

ANGKOR

EMPIRE OF CAMBODIA

KHMER EMPIRE, SOUTHEASTERN ASIA (ANGKORIAN EMPIRE)

TERRITORY THAT WILL BECOME UTAH*

WORLD

COMPARISON TIMELINES, 800-1450 CE

802 Jayavarman II is declared God King and later founds Kingdom of Angkor

1140 Suryavarman II develops the temple complex of Angkor Wat

1327 End of classical Khmer era, last stone engravings

1431 Angkor taken by the Siamese army

889 capital city of Yasodharapura established in Angkor

1296-1297 Chinese chronicler Zhou Daguan visits Angkor, records daily life in Khmer capital

1300 (mid to late) persistent drought followed by unusually strong monsoon flooding

1225-1275 The Premonitory Cave cache of moccasins was left behind. These unique treasures display a variety of sophisticated designs and craft techniques.

800 Ancient Puebloans and Fremont People are living in Utah

1000-1300 Red ware appears in the area. Modern analysis reveals traces of cacao indicating trade networks spanning thousands of miles

1200 Shoshonean speaking people arrive in the Utah area from the west

1000 Sasi potters develop bold triangle and zig zag designs covering large areas of their pots in beautiful decoration

1120 Prehistoric peoples weave elaborate rabbit fur robes.

1220-1295 Baker Village is a center of trade for farmers and hunters from hundreds of miles around.

1400 Fremont and Ancient Puebloan influence declines in Utah area, with the people likely having moved into nearby areas

*Visit our First People's exhibit on the third floor to explore many of these amazing artifacts.

800 Feudalism takes shape in Western Europe; Charlemagne crowned Holy Roman Emperor

820 Algebra invented by Arabic scholar al-Khwarizmi

800-900 Pyramid of Kukulkan is built in Mexico

932 Chinese printers adapt wood-block printing to mass produce books.

957 Death of Al-Masudi, great Arab historian

1001 Viking sail to North America

1096 First Crusade to Jerusalem

1163 Construction of Notre Dame Cathedral started

1271 Marco Polo leaves on Asian exploration journey

1347-1353 Black Death (Bubonic Plague) kills 75-200 million people.

1428 Joan of Arc leads the French against the English

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- **802 C.E.**—Jayavarman II is crowned, rules until 850, founds kingdom of Angkor.
- **899**—Yasovarman I becomes king, rules until 917, establishes capital Yasodharapura on Angkor Wat site.
- **928**—Jayavarman IV takes throne, establishes capital at Lingapura (Koh Ker).
- **1002**—Khmer civil war between Jayaviravarman and Suryavarman I, construction begins on Western Baray.
- **1050**—Udayadityavarman II takes throne, builds Baphuon.
- **1080**—Mahidharapura Dynasty founded by Jayavarman VI, who builds Phimai temple.
- **1113**—Suryavarman II crowned king, rules until 1150, designs Angkor Wat.
- **1140**—Construction begins on Angkor Wat.
- **End of 12th century**—Angkor Thom (“Great City”) built as new capital, including state temple at the Bayon.
- **1296-97**—Chinese chronicler Zhou Daguan visits Angkor, records daily life in Khmer capital.
- **1327**—End of classical Khmer era, last stone engravings.
- **MID 1300 AND EARLY 1400**—Severe droughts in the Angkor area, followed by periods of flooding.
- **431**—Angkor abandoned after invasion by Siam (Thais), although some monks continue to use the site. Lake overfished.